

ISST Forum

4 March 2004

Outline

- Briefly highlight the goals of the Forum
- Review a few ISST accomplishments and activities
- Update on other new model data and DGEX
- Present updated ISST roadmap
- Discuss Analysis of Record (AOR)

Background of Forum

- ISST's effort to engage and inform partners and constituents (yet protect autonomy of group)
- Recognizes value of broad discussion, feedback and consensus building
- Directly solicits issues from field
- Can be used to discuss critical issues (as was used in December's Forum to discuss DGEX with Regions and NCEP)

ISST Accomplishments and Activities

- Worked to fill "transmission gaps" on the SBN through several proposals, now nearly implemented
 - Additional Eta 12 and GFS data
- Collaborated with MDL on their efforts to implement COOP and gridded MOS
 - Number of MOS sites increased by an order of magnitude
 - COOP MOS available for GFE ingest via MatchMOSAll
- Provided scientific critique and feedback on a number of critical issues:
 - 10-506 directive, NVIWT verification plan, Digital Services CONOPS team, and others
- Investigated and prioritized a spectrum of downscaling possibilities and reported to S&T Committee
- Conceived, developed, and championed the DGEX

Outline of New Model Data on the Way

- New data sets resulting from initial efforts at May 2003 WR SOO/DOH workshop
 - In place: Eta12 surface data through 84 hrs, 4 times/day
 - Work in progress: Additional GFS vertical data to 240 hrs (168 hours on 06Z and 18Z cycles)
- Previous requirements in place
 - OB3.2 goal: Full Eta12 through 84 hrs
 - OB4: Full GFS (adds additional fields)
- Proposed ISST solution to downscaling medium range model data for GFE
 - Downscaled GFS with Eta eXtension (DGEX)

Downscaled GFS with Eta Extension (DGEX)

- Background and Motivation:
 - Designed to bring quick relief to forecasters
 - Gives physically consistent and seamless option for high-resolution medium range grids
 - Analogous to downscaling GFS since GFS synoptic scale should dominate Eta solution within the small interior domain
 - Has received broad support from Regions
- Model Design:
 - Eta12 lateral boundary conditions (LBC) from GFS on small domains (CONUS and OCONUS)
 - Computing resources from consolidation of 0-84 hr Eta run
 - Start DGEX at 78 hr to allow for adjustment to smaller grid by 84 hr (first time available)
 - 78-174 hr uses 3-hr GFS LBC; 174-192 hr uses 6-hr GFS LBC
- Operational cycle times – run twice per day per grid:
 - 06 and 18Z (00 and 12Z GFS LBC) for CONUS
 - 12 and 00Z (06 and 18Z GFS LBC) for OCONUS

DGEX (continued)

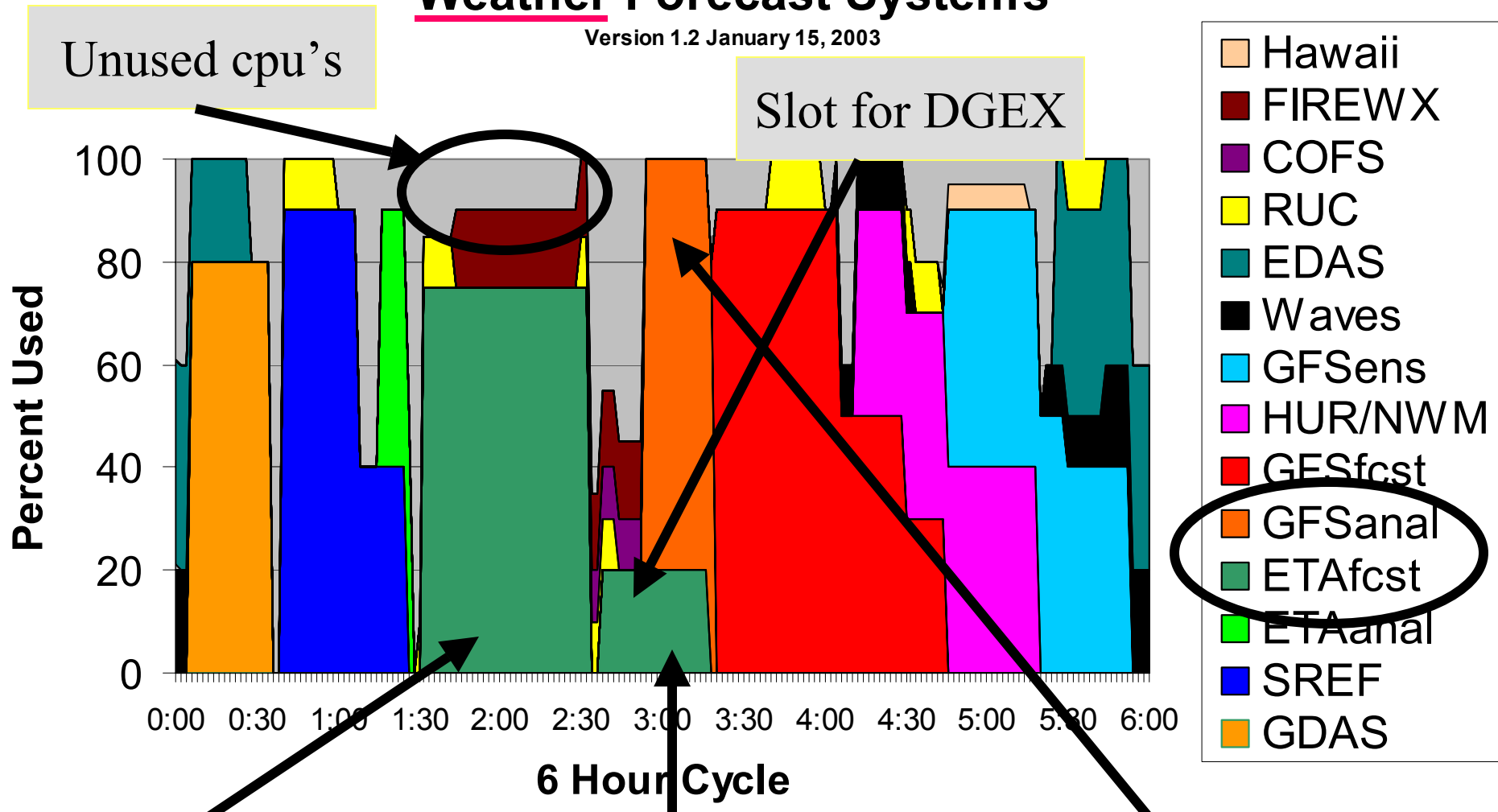
- Special characteristics:
 - This will be the first distributed data set that is specifically designed to support GFE/IFPS
 - Full model resolution
 - Enhanced boundary level data to aid in further downscaling
 - There will be a baseline set of SmartInit tools optimally designed to take advantage of the enhanced data set
 - Developed by Tim Barker (Boise)
 - If unmodified locally will give collaborating offices a consistent starting point

DGEX Parameter List

- Pressure at surface and MSL
- T and RH at 2 m, 0-30mb, 30-60mb, 60-90mb, 90-120mb, 120-150mb
- U and V wind at 10 m, 0-30mb, 30-60mb, 60-90mb, 90-120mb, 120-150mb
- Total Precip at surface
- Total Cloud Cover
- Max/Min temperature at 2 m
- Weather Smart Init fields
 - Probability of Freezing Precip
 - Probability of Frozen Precip
 - Probability of Thunderstorms
- Terrain height (only once - not every time-step)
- Synoptic parameters (for assessment of model synoptics):
 - Sea Level Pressure
 - 1000 mb Z
 - 850, 700, 500 mb Z, T, RH, U, V
 - 700 mb omega
 - 250 mb Z, U, V
 - Surface based lifted index

Proposed NCEP Production Suite Weather Forecast Systems

Version 1.2 January 15, 2003



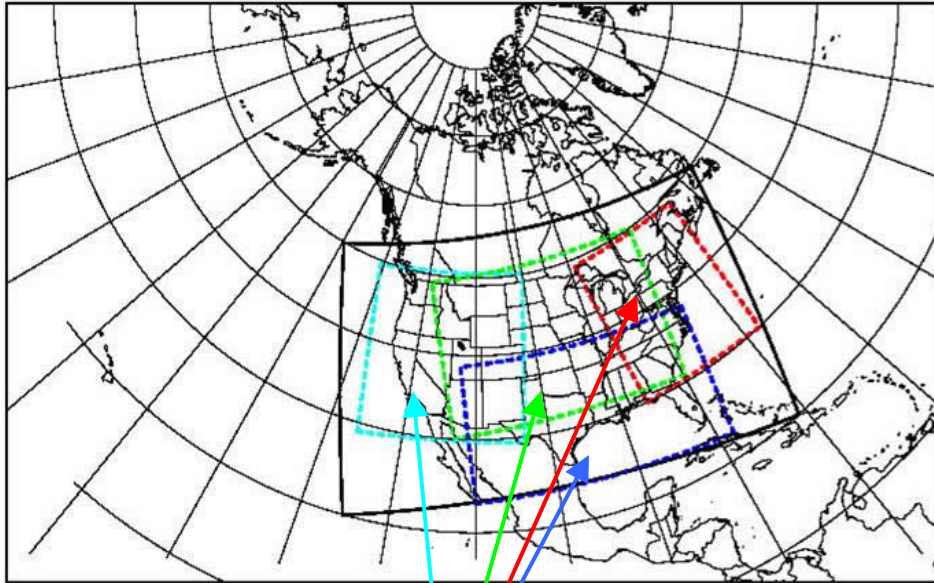
Large block Eta 0-60hr

Small block Eta 60-84hr

GFS analysis

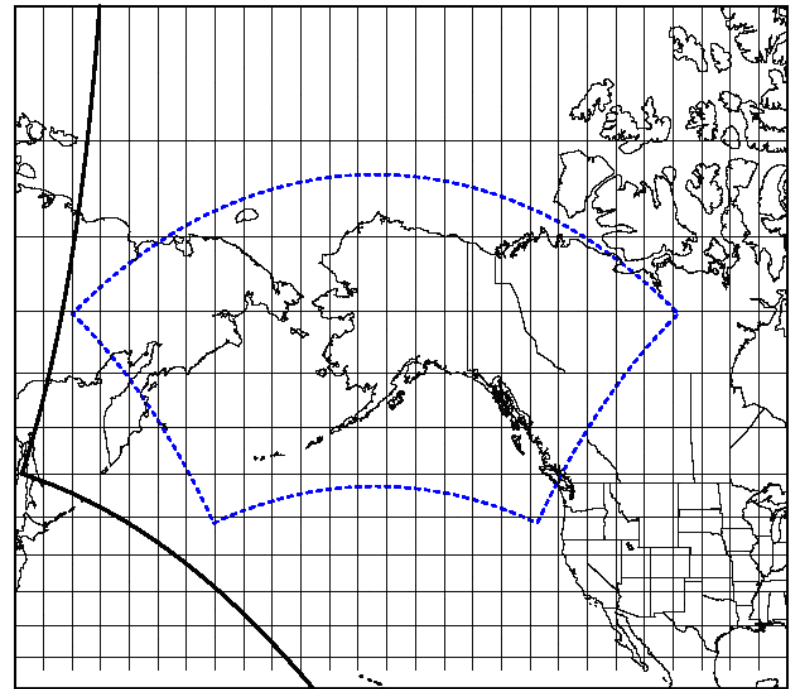
DGEX – Domains

CONUS Domain



Regional Distribution Tiles

Alaska Region Domain



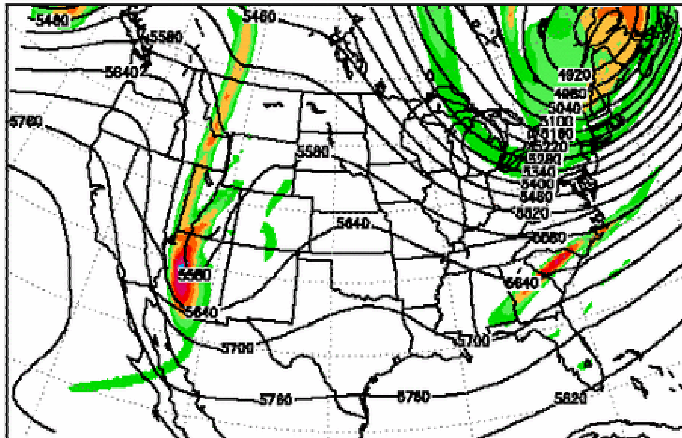
- Regional subsets only used to transmit files via ftp during evaluation period
- Final distribution will be on grid #218 with GRIB2 compression via new AWIPS SBN.

DGEX vs. GFS (previous)

<http://wwwt.emc.ncep.noaa.gov/mmb/mmbpll/etapl18day/>

500 mb
ht/Vort

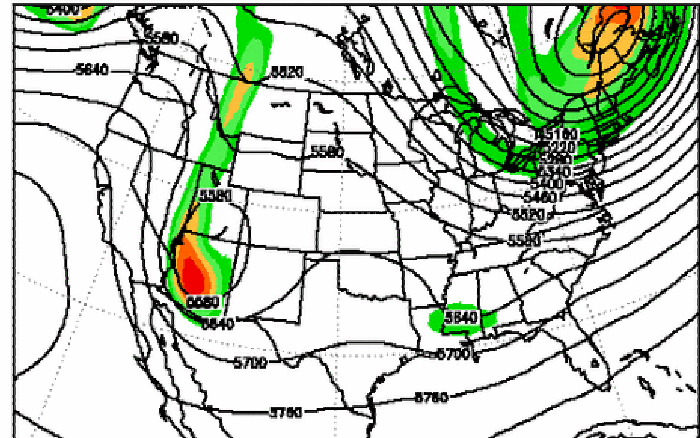
500MB Z-VORT DGEX 138H FCST VALID 18Z 15 FEB 2004



Initialization time = 00Z 10 FEB 2004



500MB Z-VORT GFS 144H FCST VALID 18Z 15 FEB 2004

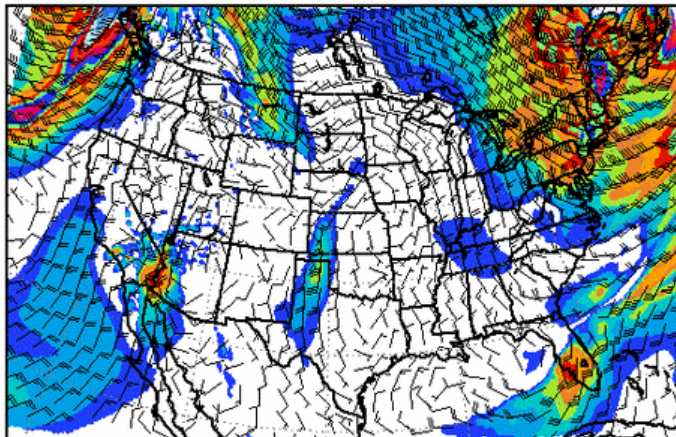


Initialization time = 18Z 09 FEB 2004



850 mb
wind

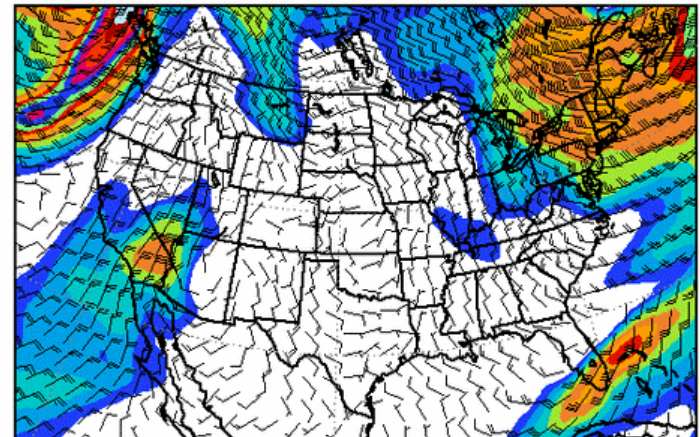
850MB WIND DGEX 138H FCST VALID 18Z 15 FEB 2004



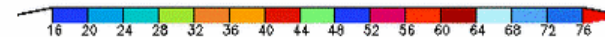
Initialization time = 00Z 10 FEB 2004



850MB WIND GFS 144H FCST VALID 18Z 15 FEB 2004



Initialization time = 18Z 09 FEB 2004



DGEX Timeline

- Mid March: CONUS and AR evaluation
 - Forecasters at a subset of WFOs to assess impact on operations
 - Better evaluation of internal drift issues (limited set of fields available via a webpage)
 - Test Regional WAN distribution method
 - HPC will perform model diagnostics
- Mid April: convergence of Eta runs complete and Eta extension running operationally
- Late May: DVB-S efforts free up SBN bandwidth
- June: OB3.2 upgrade to AWIPS configuration
- June: Eta extension operational via SBN using GRIB2

Updated ISST Roadmap

- New prioritized list of action topics:
 - Analysis of Record
 - Digital Services forecast process
 - Climatology
 - Downscaling (long-term solutions)
 - Review of 10-506 (preliminary review to OCWWS by late March)
 - Uncertainty and probabilistic information
- Short term actions (next 2-3 months):
 - Verification (NVIWT plan)
 - Have reviewed and will provide OS&T with feedback and prioritizations
 - Input to 10-102 (declaring elements official)

Ongoing Activities (monitoring)

- Grid change management
- GFE enhancements
- SBN data
 - GFS bottleneck on mainframe
- TCM (Tropical Cyclone Message)
- Gridded MOS

Analysis of Record

(A real-time, mesoscale analysis of all forecast grids)

- Lots of ideas and discussion, but effort must be organized quickly!
- Grid spacing must match highest-resolution forecasts
- Will have to mature from early prototype 2-d analysis of primary fields
- Impact of model used for first guess must be accounted for and minimized
- Observation system must be supported
- Some groups already designing systems to include analysis of record and associated analysis techniques

Analysis of Record (continued)

- This may prove to be the Holy Grail of the digital era
- Unfortunately, it is an integral part of:
 - The forecast process
 - Verification
 - Customer motivation and acceptance
 - Conditional climatologies
 - Statistical applications and bias corrections
 - Numerical weather prediction

Analysis of Record (continued)

- Seeking a solution
 - Charter a team to create an “Analysis of Record” Roadmap
 - Diverse team of experts (both within and outside NWS)
 - Seek assistance from research community
 - USWRP
 - CSTAR
 - COMET projects
 - Plan should thoroughly examine existing analysis systems for possible inclusion or modification
 - Inventory and coordinate Regional efforts already underway
 - Work in coordination with MDL and NCEP

Closing comments

- Good progress over past nine months
 - still learning and adjusting process as we go
- We endorse new efforts to develop Digital Services Project Office
 - desperately need program leadership
- Verification is critical to decision making process and must gain momentum